



DATE PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

11.17.25 History: Elevated BNP.
-Pertinent abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/CBC/UA Results (Oct 2024): BNP was 148. Nov 2025 now 531

PATIENT

Lilly Howard -Current medications: N/A.
-Blood Pressure: 140mmHG
-Sedation used: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.
-Pertinent previous ultrasound results: No previous.
-STAT: Not requested.

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

FS

AGE

10.3.13

WEIGHT

10.9lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

HOSPITAL NAME

Essex Middle River
Veterinary Center

REFERRING VET

Dr. Beizavi

INVOICE

45771

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. The left ventricular wall is asymmetric with moderate to severe septal hypertrophy contrasting a normal free wall. There is a diffusely hyperechoic endocardium consistent with fibrosis. Mild symmetric papillary muscle hypertrophy and remodeling. The right ventricle is subjectively normal in size and morphology. There is no left atrial enlargement present. No right atrial enlargement present. Normal RVOT velocity. Trace TR. Normal LVOT velocity. There is no obvious systolic anterior motion (SAM) of the mitral valve present. No MR. No significant AI or PI. There is no pericardial effusion noted. No pleural effusion appreciated. No obvious cardiac tumors.

CARDIAC CHART

FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	HR (BPM)	IVSd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVIDd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	LVWd (cm) (Moise, Pipers)	FS (%)	EF (%)
NORMAL PARAMETER	-----	150-240	3.5-0.55	<2 (mean 1.5)	3.5-0.55	35-67	80-100
PATIENT	4.9	NM	0.78	1.2	0.5	62	93
FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	LA/AO (Boon)	LA/AO HEART BASE (Swe) (Abbott)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm) (Abbott)		LVOT VEL (m/s)	RVOT VEL (m/s)	E max (m/s)
NORMAL	<1.5	<1.3	<1.2		<1.6	<1.3	<0.9
PATIENT	NM	1.2	1.1		1.0	1.2	NM

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Abbott J & MacLean H JVIM 2006;20: 111-119, Moise et al. Am J Vet Res 47:1476, 1986. Pipers et al. Am J Vet Res 40:882, 1979.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) is a rule out diagnosis once a patient is deemed normotensive and euthyroid. Both have presumably ruled out in this case suggesting primary disease is likely. The degree of disease is mild, with only significant yet focal LVH and no LA dilation. This would indicate the risk for clinical issues is low at this time. Flow through the great vessels is normal, and no significant valve regurgitation is seen. No additional pathology is identified.

No medications are indicated prior to significant atrial dilation. It is important to note that no medications have been shown to definitively alter long term outcome at this stage, particularly in the absence of SAM.

Prognosis is guarded, given the highly variable rates of progression with subclinical feline cardiomyopathy. Many cats will remain asymptomatic for a period of years, while others progress to clinical compromise sooner. Close monitoring for progressive LA dilation in the future will help determine long term outcome.

Monitor at home for any respiratory issues or signs of blood clot events (neurologic change, paralysis, etc.).

Anesthetic risk is considered mildly elevated; however, judicious fluid administration is advised if needed with careful monitoring to screen for fluid overload. A reasonable protocol includes opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol induction, isoflurane maintenance. Avoid ketamine, telazol, acepromazine and Dexdomitor. Additionally, drugs that stimulate heart rate should be avoided unless clinically necessary (glycopyrrolate, atropine).

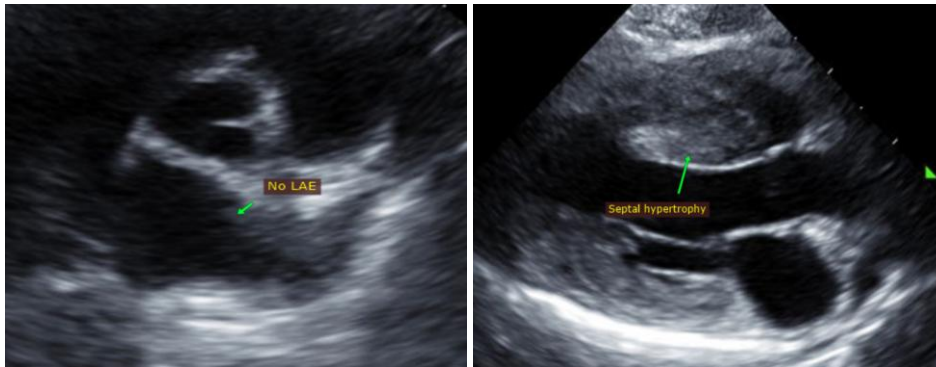
Risk for complication with steroid or fluid use typically follows LA dilation, which in this case is mildly elevated. If needed, monitoring of RR/RE is advised particularly in the initiation phase.

PLAN

A screening blood pressure and T4 are recommended, then every 6-12 months lifelong.

A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 6-12 months to assess for progression, sooner if any issues arise in the interim.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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